

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

Parmanand Shivpal, Plaintiff, -v- The American Bottling Company, Defendant.	<b>Civ. Action #:</b> <u><b>Complaint</b></u> <b>Date Filed:</b> <b>Jury Trial Demanded</b>
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Plaintiff Parmanand Shivpal (“Plaintiff” or “Shivpal”), by Abdul Hassan Law Group, PLLC, his attorney, complaining of Defendant The American Bottling Company (“Defendant”), respectfully alleges as follows:

**NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. Plaintiff alleges, that he was employed by Defendant and pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 216 (b), he is: (i) entitled to unpaid overtime wages from Defendant for working more than forty hours in a week and not being paid an overtime rate of at least 1.5 times his regular rate for each and all such hours over forty in a week; and (ii) entitled to maximum liquidated damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq. including 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
2. Plaintiff further complains pursuant to New York Labor Law, that he is: (i) entitled to unpaid overtime wages from Defendant for working more than forty hours in a week and not being paid an overtime rate of at least 1.5 times his regular rate for such hours over forty in a week; and (ii) entitled to maximum liquidated damages and attorneys' fees, pursuant to the New York Minimum Wage Act ("NYMWA"), N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 650 et seq., including NYLL § 663, and the regulations thereunder.
3. Plaintiff is also entitled to recover his unpaid overtime wages, including his unpaid wages under Article 6 of the New York Labor Law including Section 191, 193, 198, and maximum compensation for not receiving notices and statements required by NYLL 195, under Article 6 of the New York Labor Law and is also entitled to maximum liquidated damages – including liquidated damages on all wages paid later than weekly, interest, and attorneys'

fees pursuant to Section 198 of the New York Labor Law.

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337 and supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1337. In addition, the Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claim under the Fair Labor Standards Act pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216 (b).
5. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331(b) and 29 U.S.C. § 216 (b).
6. This Court is empowered to issue a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 2202.

**THE PARTIES**

7. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff Parmanand Shivpal ("Plaintiff" or "Shivpal") was an adult, over eighteen years old, who resides in Queens County in the State of New York.
8. At all times relevant herein, Defendant The American Bottling Company, ("ABC") was a for profit company.
9. At all times relevant herein, Defendant controlled the employment of Plaintiff and was responsible for hiring, firing, scheduling, controlling, managing, supervising, and record-keeping as to Plaintiff's employment, among other employment functions, and performed such functions as to Plaintiff.
10. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant herein, Defendant ABC owned/operated a principal place of business in Queens County, New York located at 56-16 55th Dr, Maspeth, NY 11378, where Plaintiff was employed.
11. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was employed by Defendant.

**STATEMENT OF FACTS**

12. Upon information and belief, and at all relevant times herein, Defendant was in business of manufacturing and distributing beverages, etc.
13. Upon information and belief, and at all relevant times herein, Defendant owned one or more locations and employed over 100 employees.
14. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant from on or about August 18, 2018 to November 18, 2024.
15. At all times relevant herein, Defendant employed Plaintiff as a manual worker performing a variety of manual and physical duties in relevant part such as such as moving, sorting, packing, lifting packages, vehicle/equipment operation, etc. throughout his workday with Defendant.
16. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was an hourly employee of Defendant, and his last hourly rate of pay was about \$18.84 an hour.
17. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff worked about 50 to 60 or more hours each week; 5 or more days a week for Defendant - with the exception of about 2-3 weeks each year.
18. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was not paid any wages for his overtime hours (weekly hours over 40) worked each week during his employment with Defendant – with the exception of about 2-3 weeks each year. For example, for the biweekly pay period of April 10, 2022 to April 23, 2022, Plaintiff worked at least 100 hours this biweekly pay period but Defendant only paid Plaintiff for 80 of these 100 or more hours worked at his regular hourly rate of \$18.84 an hour and Plaintiff was not paid any wages for the remaining 20 or more overtime hours worked during this pay period. This example is reflective of Defendant's payment pattern throughout Plaintiff's employment with it.
19. In addition, Plaintiff was required to incur expenses in the performance of his work for Defendant during the period of his employment such as for cellphone, internet, vehicle, etc. However, Defendant failed to reimburse Plaintiff for costs and expenses to Plaintiff for

Defendant's work - Defendant failed to reimburse Plaintiff for about \$100 or more each week, which constitutes an unlawful wage deduction under the FLSA and NYLL, including NYLL § 193. These unlawful deductions and failure to reimburse also constitute an under payment of wages and overtime wages under the FLSA and NYLL.

20. At all times relevant herein, Defendant paid Plaintiff later than weekly - on a bi-weekly basis in violation of NYLL § 191 (1)(a)(i). See i.e. *Vega v. CM & Assocs. Constr. Mgmt., LLC*, 175 A.D.3d 1144, 107 N.Y.S.3d 286 (1st Dep't, 2019).
21. A more precise statement of the hours and wages may be made when Plaintiff obtains the wage and time records Defendant was required to keep under the FLSA and NYLL. *Accurate* copies of Plaintiff's wage and time records that Defendant was required to keep pursuant to 29 USC § 211, 29 CFR § 516 and NYLL § 195, 12 NYCRR §142, are incorporated herein by reference.
22. At all times relevant herein and for the time Plaintiff was employed by Defendant, Defendant failed and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff an overtime rate of at least 1.5 times his regular rate of pay and 1.5 times the applicable New York State Minimum Wage Rate for each and all hours worked in excess of forty hours each week during his employment with Defendant.
23. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed to provide Plaintiff with the required notice at the time of his hiring and subsequent changes in pay rates, etc., pursuant to NYLL § 195(1) containing, among other things, his rate of pay, designated payday, and the name, address, and telephone number for Defendant and Plaintiff never received such a notice. See i.e. *Alonso Vazquez v. Azoulay*, 834 F. App'x 653, fn 1 (2d Cir. 2021).
24. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed to provide Plaintiff with the required wage statements pursuant to NYLL § 195(3) – the wage statements provided to Plaintiff showed fewer hours than what he actually worked and less wages than he actually earned – by not showing the work hours and earned wages claimed herein, which prevented him from determining and seeking payment for the precise amount of his unpaid wages and he was thus harmed by being deprived of his income for longer than he would have been had he been able to timely raise his underpayment earlier . See i.e. *Alonso Vazquez v. Azoulay*, 834 F. App'x 653, fn 1 (2d Cir. 2021).

25. At all times relevant herein, Defendant's failure to provide Plaintiff with the required wage notice and wage statements, caused Plaintiff to suffer injury because Plaintiff was underpaid and wasn't advised that he was due overtime wages when he worked the additional overtime hours over 40 each week claimed in this action — that is, he didn't know he was supposed to be paid additional overtime and other wages claimed in this action, and he lost out on the ability to advocate for such wages and be paid according to the requirements of the law such as the FLSA and NYLL.
26. At all times relevant herein, Defendant's failure to provide Plaintiff with the required wage notices and wage statements, Defendant forced Plaintiff to spend time accounting and tabulating the information not provided such as the unpaid overtime hours and wages claimed herein, as best as he can – time is money and the several hours spent doing this would have been saved had Defendant carried out its legal obligations to provide Plaintiff with the required wage notice and wage statements which provides this type of accounting and tabulation and a lot more such as the amounts each pay period and year to date totals.
27. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant herein, Defendant had annual revenues and/or expenditures in excess of \$500,000.
28. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant herein, Defendant conducted business with vendors/entities/persons within the State of New York.
29. Upon information and belief, and at all times relevant herein, Defendant and Plaintiff utilized the instrumentalities of interstate commerce such as the United States mail, internet electronic mail, messaging, payroll application, timekeeping, websites and telephone/cellphone systems as a regular/daily part of the operation of Defendant and Plaintiff's employment with Defendant.
30. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant herein, Defendant utilized the goods, materials, and services through interstate commerce.
31. Defendant as a regular part of its business, make payment of taxes and other monies to agencies and entities outside the State of New York.

32. Upon information and belief, and at all relevant times herein, Defendant conducted business with mortgage companies, banks, insurance companies, and internet/email service providers within and outside the State of New York.
33. Defendant as a regular part of its business, engaged in credit card transactions involving banks and other institutions outside the state of New York.
34. Upon information and belief, and at all relevant times herein, Defendant failed to display federal and state minimum wage/overtime posters as required by the FLSA and NYLL (29 CFR 516.4; 12 NYCRR 142-2.8), and Defendant failed to notify Plaintiff of his federal and state minimum wage and overtime rights and failed to inform Plaintiff that he could seek enforcement of such rights through the government enforcement agencies. As such, equitable tolling applies in this case. See i.e. *Veltri v. Building Service 32B-J Pension Fund*, 393 F.3d 318, 324 (2d Cir. 2004); *Kim v. Kum Gang, Inc.*, No. 12 CIV. 6344 MHD, 2015 WL 2222438, at 33–34 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 19, 2015).
35. “Plaintiff” as used in this complaint refers to the named Plaintiff.
36. The “present” or the “present time” as used in this complaint refers to the date this complaint was signed.

**AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

**FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT - 29 U.S.C 201 et Seq. (Overtime wages)**

37. Plaintiff alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 36 above as if set forth fully and at length herein.
38. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was employed by Defendant within the meaning of the FLSA.
39. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was engaged in commerce and/or in the production of goods for commerce and/or Defendant, constituted an enterprise(s) engaged in commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206, 207.
40. At all times relevant herein, Defendant transacted commerce and business in excess of

\$500,000.00 annually or had revenues in excess of \$500,000.00 annually.

41. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at rates not less than 1.5 times his regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a week, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 207.

**Relief Demanded**

42. Due to Defendant's FLSA overtime wage violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendant, his unpaid overtime wages, maximum liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, and costs of the action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

**AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

**NYLL 650 et Seq. & 12 NYCRR § 142-2.2 (Overtime Wages)**

43. Plaintiff alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 41 above as if set forth fully and at length herein.
44. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was employed by Defendant within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§ 2 and 651 and the regulations and wage orders thereunder.
45. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at rates not less than 1.5 times his regular rate of pay and 1.5 times the applicable New York State Minimum Wage rate for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a week, in violation of the New York Minimum Wage Act and its implementing regulations and wage orders. N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 650 et seq., including 12 NYCRR § 142-2.2.

**Relief Demanded**

46. Due to Defendant's New York Labor Law violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendant, his unpaid overtime wages, prejudgment interest, maximum liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of the action, pursuant to N.Y. Labor L. § 663(1).

**AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

**NYLL § 190, 191, 193, 195 and 198 – Unpaid and Withheld Wages**

47. Plaintiff alleges and incorporates each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1

through 46 above with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length herein.

48. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was employed by Defendant within the meaning of the New York Labor law, §§ 190 et seq., including §§ 191, 193, 195, 198, and the applicable regulations thereunder.
49. At all relevant times herein, Defendant violated and willfully violated Plaintiff's rights under NY Labor Law § 190 et seq. including NY Labor Law §§ 191, 193 and 198 by failing to pay Plaintiff all his wages, including his unpaid overtime wages, wage deductions, unpaid severance pay, as required under NY Labor Law § 190 et seq.
50. At all times relevant herein, Defendant paid Plaintiff all his wages later than weekly - on a bi-weekly basis in violation of NYLL § 191 (1)(a)(i). See i.e. *Vega v. CM & Assocs. Constr. Mgmt., LLC*, 175 A.D.3d 1144, 107 N.Y.S.3d 286 (1st Dep't, 2019).
51. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed and willfully failed to provide Plaintiff with the notice(s) required by NYLL 195(1) – Plaintiff is therefore entitled to and seeks to recover in this action the maximum recovery for this violation, plus attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to NYLL 198 including NYLL 198(1-b), as well as an injunction directing Defendant to comply with NYLL 195(1).
52. At all times relevant herein, Defendant failed and willfully failed to provide Plaintiff with the statement(s) required by NYLL 195(3) – Plaintiff is therefore entitled to and seeks to recover in this action the maximum recovery for this violation, plus attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to NYLL 198 including NYLL 198(1-d), as well as an injunction directing Defendant to comply with NYLL 195(1).

#### **Relief Demanded**

53. Due to Defendant's New York Labor Law Article 6 violations including violation of sections 191, 193 and 198, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendant, his entire unpaid wages, including his unpaid overtime wages, wage deductions, maximum liquidated damages – including liquidated damages on all wages paid later than weekly, prejudgment interest, maximum recovery for violations of NYLL §195(1) and NYLL § 195(3), reasonable

attorneys' fees, and costs of the action, pursuant to N.Y. Labor Law § 190 et seq. including § 198.

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

54. Declare Defendant to be in violation of the Plaintiff's rights under the FLSA and New York Labor Law – 12 NYCRR § 142 and Article 6 of the NYLL – NYLL § 190 et Seq.
55. As to his **First Cause of Action**, award Plaintiff his unpaid overtime wages, maximum liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of the action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
56. As to his **Second Cause of Action**, award Plaintiff his unpaid overtime wages due under the New York Minimum Wage Act and the Regulations thereunder including 12 NYCRR §§ 142-2.2, together with maximum liquidated damages, prejudgment interest, costs and attorney's fees pursuant to NYLL § 663;
57. As to his **Third Cause of Action**, award Plaintiff any and all outstanding wages, including his entire unpaid overtime wages, wage deductions, due under law, maximum liquidated damages – including liquidated damages on all wages paid later than weekly, prejudgment interest, maximum recovery for violations of NYLL § 195(1) and NYLL § 195(3), reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of the action, pursuant to N.Y. Labor Law § 190 et seq. including § 198.
58. Award Plaintiff prejudgment interest on all monies due.
59. Award Plaintiff any relief requested or stated in the preceding paragraphs but which has not been requested in the WHEREFORE clause, in addition to the relief requested in the wherefore clause;
60. Award Plaintiff such other, further and different relief as the Court deems just and proper.

**Dated: Queens Village, New York**

**December 30, 2024**

Abdul Hassan Law Group, PLLC

/s/ Abdul Hassan

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